

Congressman John Ashbrook
Senator Birch Bayh*
Senator Wallace F. Bennett
Congressman Benjamin Blackburn
Congressman William Bray
Representative Wm. Broomfield
Congressman Phillip Burton
Congressman Charles Chamberlain
Senator John Sherman Cooper

Congressman Philip M. Crane
Senator Peter Dominick
Senator Allen J. Ellender*
Senator Robert P. Griffin
Senator Edward J. Gurney
Congressman Lee Hamilton

Senator Henry Jackson*

Congressman Kastenmeier
Congressman Ray Madden
Congressman John O. Marsh
Senator Jack Miller
Senator Carl Mundt
Senator Gaylord Nelson

Senator James Pearson
Senator Charles Percy*
Congressman Otis Pike
Congressman Roman Pucinski
Congressman John Rarick
Congressman Ogden Reid

Senator John Sparkman
Congressman Sam Steiger
Senator Stuart Symington*
Senator Strom Thurmond
Congressman Louis Wyman
Congressman Clement Zablocki

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Re: FBIS anniversary

List of recipients of FBIS Daily Report.
Wld appreciate congratulatory note from
those asterisked *.

16 Feb 7

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(DATE)

FORM NO. 101 REPLACES FORM 10-101
1 AUG 54 WHICH MAY BE USED.

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STAT Dear

Please convey my best wishes and congratulations to all members of your staff on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the Foreign Broadcast Information Service and its predecessor, the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service. In an era when the United States must understand and often respond rapidly to world-wide developments and trends, your timely and authoritative reporting and your superb translation capabilities provide a truly indispensable service to all who work in foreign affairs.

Sincerely,

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ing completed work for which created.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (INTERIOR).—Established June 30, 1940, by Reorg. Plan III (54 Stat. 1232; 5 U.S.C. 133t), consolidating Bureau of Fisheries and Bureau of Biological Survey (see appendix A), to insure conservation of the Nation's wild birds, mammals, fishes, and other forms of wildlife, and to promote maximum use and enjoyment of wildlife resources compatible with their perpetuity. Succeeded by U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (see text).

FOOD DISTRIBUTION ADMINISTRATION (AGRICULTURE).—See War Food Administration, appendix A.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION.—Agricultural Appropriation Act of 1928 (44 Stat. 1002), provided for Food, Drug, and Insecticide Administration. Name changed to Food and Drug Administration by Agricultural Appropriation Act of 1931 (46 Stat. 422). Transferred from Department of Agriculture to Federal Security Agency (see appendix A) by Reorg. Plan IV, effective June 30, 1940. (See also text.)

FOOD PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION (AGRICULTURE).—See War Food Administration, appendix A.

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE. Created by act of June 5, 1930 (46 Stat. 497; 7 U.S.C. 541), to encourage and promote agriculture of the United States and to assist American farmers in adjusting their operations and practices to meet world competition and demand for farm products. Economic research and agricultural attaché activities administered by Foreign Agricultural Service Division, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, to June 20, 1939; transferred by Reorg. Plan II, from Department of Agriculture to Department of State, effective July 1, 1939. Economic research functions of FAS Division transferred to Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations June 30, 1939. Functions of Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations transferred to Foreign Agricultural Service on Mar. 10, 1953. Agricultural attachés placed in Department of Agriculture by act approved Aug. 28, 1954 (68 Stat. 908; 7 U.S.C. 1761).

FOREIGN BROADCAST INTELLIGENCE SERVICE (FCC).—Established Feb. 19, 1941, at suggestion of State Department, to record, translate, analyze, and report on foreign broadcast programs to interested Government agencies. Transferred to War Department by letter of Secretary of War, dated Dec. 21, 1945. Act approved May 3, 1945 (59 Stat. 110), provided for liquidation 60 days after Japanese armistice.

FOREIGN COMMERCE SERVICE.—Established in Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, by act approved Mar. 3, 1927 (44 Stat. 1894; 15 U.S.C. 197-a), which included among the duties of the Service promotion of foreign commerce of the United States and investigation of and reporting upon commercial and industrial conditions and activities in foreign countries of interest to the United States. Transferred to Department of State, to be administered as part of Foreign Service, by Reorg. Plan II, effective July 1, 1939.

FOREIGN ECONOMIC ADMINISTRATION.—Established within Office for Emergency Management by EO 9380 of Sept. 25, 1943, to unify and consolidate governmental activities relating to foreign economic affairs. Order transferred to the Administration the Office of Lend-Lease Administration, Office of Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation Operations, Office of Economic Warfare (together with U.S. Commercial Company, Rubber Development Corporation, Petroleum Reserves Corporation, and Export-Import Bank of Washington and functions transferred thereto by EO 9361 of July 15, 1943), and foreign economic operations of Office of Foreign Economic Coordination. EO 9385 of Oct. 6, 1943, transferred foreign procurement activities of War Food Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation to Foreign Economic Administration. Terminated by EO 9630 of Sept. 27, 1945, and functions redistributed to Department of State, Department of Commerce, Department of Agriculture, and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation (see appendix A).

FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION.—Established by Reorg. Plan 7, effective Aug. 1, 1953, which transferred functions of Office of Director of Mutual Security, Mutual Security Agency, Technical Cooperation Administration, Institute of Inter American Affairs, and several other foreign assistance activities to the newly established agency. Purpose was to centralize operations, control, and direction over all foreign economic and technical assistance programs in a unified agency and coordination by that agency of all other mutual security activities including the military. FOA was abolished by EO 10010 of May 9, 1955, pursuant to authority of Mutual Security Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 832; 22 U.S.C. 1751), and functions and offices were transferred to Department of State (as International Cooperation Administration, see appendix A) and to Department of Defense, effective June 30, 1955.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT LIBRARY.—Functions assigned to National Park Service by Reorg. Plan 3 of 1940, effective July 16, 1940, transferred to General Services Administration by Reorg. Plan 1, 1963, effective July 27, 1963. (See also Trustees of Franklin D. Roosevelt Library, appendix A.)

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL.—Established by act of Mar. 3, 1871 (16 Stat. 506; T. 32 of D.C. Code). Transferred from Department of the Interior to Federal Security Agency (see appendix A) by Reorg. Plan IV, effective June 30, 1940.

FUEL YARDS OF THE BUREAU OF MINES.—Created by act of July 1, 1918 (40 Stat. 672; 40 U.S.C. 481). Transferred from Bureau of Mines, Department of Commerce, to Procurement Division (see Bureau of Federal Supply, appendix A), Treasury Department, by EO 6166 of June 10, 1933, effective Mar. 2, 1934. (See also EO 6611 of Feb. 22, 1934.) Functions include stocking and distribution of coal and fuel oil to Government agencies in Washington and vicinity requiring truck delivery.

GENERAL COUNSEL (TREASURY).—Certain functions, powers, and duties transferred to Department of Transportation by sec. 6(b)(3)

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